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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/825,206	04/16/2004	Sung-Su Jung	8734.295.00 US	7672
30827 7590 12/28/2006 MCKENNA LONG & ALDRIDGE LLP 1900 K STREET, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20006			EXAMINER	
		•	TADESSE, YEWEBDAR T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
•			1734	
SHORTENED STATUTOR	RY PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MC	ONTHS	12/28/2006	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/825,206	JUNG ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Yewebdar T. Tadesse	1734				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence addres	ss			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAINS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Disperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ware to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing sed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this commu				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Oc	ctober 2006.					
, —	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	· -						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	ion of Claims						
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>14 and 28</u> is/are without Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-13 and 15-27</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	drawn from consideration.					
Applicati	ion Papers						
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on 16 April 2004 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1				
Priority u	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	Δ\	(DTO 442)				
2) 🔲 Notica 3) 🔯 Inform	e of References Cited (P10-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 02/07/2005.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate				

Application/Control Number: 10/825,206 Page 2

Art Unit: 1734

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election without traverse of group I in the reply filed on 10/26/2006 is acknowledged.

2. Claims 14 and 28 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the reply filed on10/26/2006.

Claim Objections

3. Claims 2-3 are objected to because of the following informalities: In claim 1, line 3 and claim 3, lines 2-3, the phrase "one of a plurality of image display portions" appears to be grammatically incorrect. "one of pluralities of image display portions" is assumed. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (e) The invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States

Application/Control Number: 10/825,206

Art Unit: 1734

only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

5. Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kojima (US 2004/0134619A1).

Kojima discloses (see Figs 3-5) a dispenser for fabricating a liquid crystal display panel, comprising: at least one dispensing unit (4N) to supply a dispensing material on a substrate; at least one support member (4K) to support and align the dispensing unit; and a plurality of syringes (4J1, 4J2) mounted on each of the dispensing unit.

As to claim 2, in Kojima the substrate is capable of having a plurality of thin film transistor arrays defined on the substrate, each thin film transistor array corresponding to a respective one of a plurality of image display portions defined on the substrate.

Regarding claim 3, in Kojima the substrate is capable of having a plurality of color filter arrays defined on the substrate, each color filter array corresponding to a respective one of a plurality of image display portions defined on the substrate.

As to claims 4-6, in Kojima the dispensing material is capable of including sealant for forming a seal pattern, wherein the seal pattern defines an opening at one portion, or a closed pattern encompassing the image display portion.

With respect to claims 7-8, in Kojima the dispensing material capable of including liquid crystal material or capable of including silver.

As to claim 9, Kojima discloses a gap controller (4H) to control a gap between the substrate and the syringes.

With respect to claims 10-11, In Kojima the image display portions are disposed as an array of image display portions on the substrate, and wherein the number of the

Art Unit: 1734

syringes (4J1, 4J2) provided on each one of the dispensing units are capable of corresponding to the number of image display portions formed in a row of the array of image display portions.

With respect to claim 12, in Kojima each one of the plurality of syringes (4J1, 4J2) provided on each one of the dispensing units are movable in at least one direction of the dispensing unit.

Regarding claim 13, at least one of the pluralities of syringes provided on each one of the dispensing units is capable of being fixed with respect to the dispensing unit and the other ones of the syringes are movable at least in one direction of the dispensing unit.

6. Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Ingenhoven et al (US 2004/0020942 A1).

Ingenhoven et al discloses (see Fig 5) a dispenser capable of fabricating a liquid crystal display panel, comprising: at least one dispensing unit (channels 11, 24) to supply a dispensing material on a substrate; at least one support member (29) to support and align the dispensing unit; and a plurality of syringes (output channels 12 with needles 30 and tips 6) mounted on each of the dispensing unit.

As to claim 2, in Ingenhoven et al the substrate is capable of having a plurality of thin film transistor arrays defined on the substrate, each thin film transistor array corresponding to a respective one of a plurality of image display portions defined on the substrate.

Regarding claim 3, in Ingenhoven et al the substrate is capable of having a plurality of color filter arrays defined on the substrate, each color filter array corresponding to a respective one of a plurality of image display portions defined on the substrate.

Page 5

Regarding claim 3, in Ingenhoven et al the substrate is capable of having a plurality of color filter arrays defined on the substrate, each color filter array corresponding to a respective one of a plurality of image display portions defined on the substrate.

As to claims 4-6, in Ingenhoven et al the dispensing material is capable of including sealant for forming a seal pattern, wherein the seal pattern defines an opening at one portion, or a closed pattern encompassing the image display portion.

With respect to claims 7-8, in Ingenhoven the dispensing material capable of including liquid crystal material or capable of including silver.

As to claim 9, Ingenhoven et al discloses a gap controller (guiding robotic arm 17) is capable of controlling a gap between the substrate and the syringes.

With respect to claims 10-11, In Ingenhoven et al the image display portions are disposed as an array of image display portions on the substrate, and wherein the number of the syringes (output channels 12 with needles 30 and tips 6) provided on each one of the dispensing units are capable of corresponding to the number of image display portions formed in a row of the array of image display portions.

With respect to claim 12, in Ingenhoven et al each one of the pluralities of syringes (output channels 12 with needles 30 and tips 6) provided on each one of the dispensing units are movable in at least one direction of the dispensing unit.

Application/Control Number: 10/825,206 Page 6

Art Unit: 1734

Regarding claim 13, at least one of the pluralities of syringes (output channels 12 with needles 30 and tips 6) provided on each one of the dispensing units is capable of being fixed with respect to the dispensing unit and the other ones of the syringes (tips 6) are movable at least in one direction of the dispensing unit

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 9. Claims 15-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ingenhoven et al (US 2004/0020942 A1).

As to claim 15, Ingenhoven et al discloses (see Fig 5) a dispenser capable of fabricating a liquid crystal display panel, comprising: at least one dispensing unit (channels 11, 24) to supply a dispensing material on a substrate; at least one support member (29) to support and align the dispensing unit; and a plurality of syringes (output channels 12 with needles 30 and tips 6) mounted on each of the dispensing unit. Ingenhoven et al lacks teaching a plurality of dispensing units, although a plurality of devices capable of having a plurality of dispensing units are taught in Ingenhoven (see paragraph 28). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a plurality of dispensing units in Ingenhoven et al, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. *St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co.*, 193 USPQ 8.

As to claim 16, in Ingenhoven et al the substrate is capable of having a plurality of thin film transistor arrays defined on the substrate, each thin film transistor array corresponding to a respective one of a plurality of image display portions defined on the substrate.

Regarding claim 17, in Ingenhoven et al the substrate is capable of having a plurality of color filter arrays defined on the substrate, each color filter array corresponding to a respective one of a plurality of image display portions defined on the substrate.

Regarding claim 18, in Ingenhoven et al the substrate is capable of having a plurality of color filter arrays defined on the substrate, each color filter array corresponding to a respective one of a plurality of image display portions defined on the substrate.

Art Unit: 1734

As to claims 19-20, in Ingenhoven et al the dispensing material is capable of including sealant for forming a seal pattern, wherein the seal pattern defines an opening at one portion, or a closed pattern encompassing the image display portion.

With respect to claims 21-22, in Ingenhoven the dispensing material capable of including liquid crystal material or capable of including silver.

As to claim 23, Ingenhoven et al discloses a gap controller (guiding robotic arm 17) is capable of controlling a gap between the substrate and the syringes.

With respect to claims 24-25-, In Ingenhoven et al the image display portions are disposed as an array of image display portions on the substrate, and wherein the number of the syringes (output channels 12 with needles 30 and tips 6) provided on each one of the dispensing units are capable of corresponding to the number of image display portions formed in a row of the array of image display portions.

With respect to claim 26, in Ingenhoven et al each one of the pluralities of syringes (output channels 12 with needles 30 and tips 6) provided on each one of the dispensing units are movable in at least one direction of the dispensing unit.

Regarding claim 27, at least one of the pluralities of syringes (output channels 12 with needles 30 and tips 6) provided on each one of the dispensing units is capable of being fixed with respect to the dispensing unit and the other ones of the syringes (tips 6) are movable at least in one direction of the dispensing unit.

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Ingenhoven et al (US 2004/0050866) discloses a dispenser

Art Unit: 1734

having a dispensing unit with a plurality of syringes and a plurality of support (see Figs 12-13 and Abstract). Hashimoto et al (US 6,583,848) discloses a dispenser having syringes for in manufacturing liquid crystal device.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yewebdar T. Tadesse whose telephone number is (571) 272-1238. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00 AM - 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chris Fiorilla can be reached on (571) 272-1187. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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